

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ALABAMA JASPER DIVISION

MARLO MARIE REID,)	
)	
Claimant,)	
)	
V.)	Case No. 6:14-cv-00869-TMP
)	
CAROLYN W. COLVIN,)	
Commissioner, Social Security)	
Administration,)	
)	
Defendant.)	

MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

Currently pending before the court is the claimant's Motion to Dismiss. (Doc. 11). The motion explains that the claimant is now deceased, only her father surviving her. Because the above-styled case involves only SSI benefits, and the claimant died leaving no spouse or children, the SSI benefits at issue do not survive her death. Accordingly, there are no benefits available through the above-styled case. The undersigned RECOMMENDS that the case be DISMISSED.

NOTICE OF RIGHT TO OBJECT

Any party who objects to this Report and Recommendation must, within fourteen (14) days of the date on which it is entered, file specific written objections

with the clerk of this court. Any objections to the failure of the magistrate judge to address any contention raised in the petition also must be included. Failure to do so will bar any later challenge or review of the factual findings or legal conclusions of the magistrate judge. See 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C); Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140, 106 S. Ct. 466, 88 L. Ed. 2d 435 (1985), reh'g denied, 474 U.S. 1111, 106 S. Ct. 899, 88 L. Ed. 2d 933 (1986); Nettles v. Wainwright, 677 F.2d 404 (5th Cir. 1982)(en banc). In order to challenge the findings of the magistrate judge, a party must file with the clerk of the court written objections which shall specifically identify the portions of the proposed findings and recommendation to which objection is made and the specific basis for objection. A copy of the objections must be served upon all other parties to the action.

Upon receipt of objections meeting the specificity requirement set out above, a United States District Judge shall make a *de novo* determination of those portions of the report, proposed findings, or recommendation to which objection is made and may accept, reject, or modify in whole or in part, the findings or recommendation made by the magistrate judge. The district judge, however, need conduct a hearing only in his or her discretion or if required by law, and may consider the record developed before the magistrate judge, making his or her own determination on the basis of that record. The district judge may also receive

further evidence, recall witnesses or recommit the matter to the magistrate judge

with instructions.

Objections not meeting the specificity requirement set out above will not be

considered by a district judge.

A party may not appeal a magistrate judge's recommendation directly to the

United States Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit. Appeals may be made

only from a final judgment entered by or at the direction of a district judge.

DONE and **ORDERED** on February 18, 2015.

T. MICHAEL PUTNAM

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE